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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/007,581	12/05/2001	Roy F. Brabson	RSW920010223US1	3407
7590 Jerry W. Herndon IBM Corporation T81/503 P.O. Box 12195 Research Triangle Park, NC 27709			EXAMINER PAN, JOSEPH T	
			ART UNIT 2135	PAPER NUMBER
			MAIL DATE 05/01/2007	DELIVERY MODE PAPER

**Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.**

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

**Advisory Action  
Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief**

Application No.

10/007,581

Applicant(s)

BRABSON ET AL.

Examiner

Joseph Pan

Art Unit

2135

**--The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --**

THE REPLY FILED 20 April 2007 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE.

1. ☐ The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the same day as filing a Notice of Appeal. To avoid abandonment of this application, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit, or other evidence, which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in compliance with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply must be filed within one of the following time periods:

- a) ☐ The period for reply expires \_\_\_\_\_ months from the mailing date of the final rejection.  
b) ☒ The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection.

Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f).

Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the final rejection, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

**NOTICE OF APPEAL**

2. ☐ The Notice of Appeal was filed on \_\_\_\_\_. A brief in compliance with 37 CFR 41.37 must be filed within two months of the date of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed within the time period set forth in 37 CFR 41.37(a).

**AMENDMENTS**

3. ☐ The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because  
(a) ☐ They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below);  
(b) ☐ They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below);  
(c) ☐ They are not deemed to place the application in better form for appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the issues for appeal; and/or  
(d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a corresponding number of finally rejected claims.

NOTE: \_\_\_\_\_. (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).

4. ☐ The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121. See attached Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment (PTOL-324).  
5. ☐ Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): \_\_\_\_\_.  
6. ☐ Newly proposed or amended claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ would be allowable if submitted in a separate, timely filed amendment canceling the non-allowable claim(s).  
7. ☒ For purposes of appeal, ~~the proposed amendment(s): a) ☐ will not be entered, or b) ☐ will be entered and an explanation of how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided below or appended.~~  
The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:  
Claim(s) allowed: \_\_\_\_\_.  
Claim(s) objected to: \_\_\_\_\_.  
Claim(s) rejected: 1-12, 14, 16-18, 20 and 22-39.  
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: \_\_\_\_\_.

**AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE**

8. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but before or on the date of filing a Notice of Appeal will not be entered because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and sufficient reasons why the affidavit or other evidence is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).  
9. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a Notice of Appeal, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to overcome all rejections under appeal and/or appellant fails to provide a showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1).  
10. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation of the status of the claims after entry is below or attached.

**REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER**

11. ☒ The request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because:  
See Continuation Sheet.  
12. ☐ Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s). \_\_\_\_\_.  
13. ☐ Other: \_\_\_\_\_.

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because:

Applicant argues:

"Nothing in the cited passage indicates that the operating system kernel can direct a peripheral to secure a particular communication with a particular remote unit, much less to initiate operation of the security handshake processing by the security offload component, as recited in Claim 1." (see page 1, last line-page 2, line 3, Applicant's Arguments/Remarks).

Examiner maintains:

i. Anand discloses that "rather than perform certain of the CPU intensive operations on the data packet as it passes through the respective network layers--e.g. checksum calculation/verification, encryption/decryption, message digest calculation and TCP segmentation--those tasks can instead be offloaded and performed at the NIC hardware." (see column 3, lines 39-44 of Anand) However, Anand does not specifically mention the security handshake processing among the tasks performed by the offload component.

ii. Freed discloses a method for secure communications between a client and a server. The method includes the steps of managing a communication negotiation between the client and the server wherein Freed discloses "Besides authenticating the server to the client, the SSL Handshake Protocol: allows the client and server to negotiate the cipher suite to be used; allows the client and the server to generate symmetric session keys; and establishes the encrypted SSL connection. Once the key exchange is complete, the client and the server use this session key to encrypt all communication between them." (see page 1, paragraph [0008], lines 1-7 of Anand, emphasis added)

iii. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teaching of Freed into the system of Anand to offload the security handshake processing to the offload component.

iv. The ordinary skilled person would have been motivated to have applied the teaching of Freed into the system of Anand to offload the security handshake processing to the offload component, because "As such, there is an advantage in offloading such CPU intensive task to a peripheral hardware device. This would reduce processor utilization and memory bandwidth usage in the host computer, and thereby increase the efficiency, speed and throughput of the overall system." (see column 2, lines 48-52 of Anand)

Therefore, Anand and Freed disclose that the operating system kernel can direct a peripheral to secure a particular communication with a particular remote unit, and to initiate operation of the security handshake processing by the security offload component.

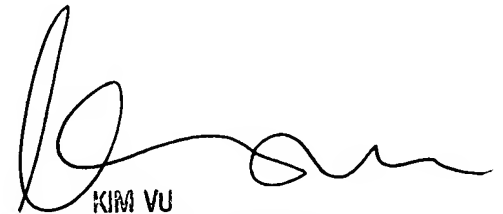
Applicant argues:

"The cited passage describes the "Windows NT layered networking architecture," not the Windows NT operating system. Moreover, the passage states that the transport protocol driver "is implemented with an appropriate program method," and does not indicate that the driver is somehow implemented in the operating system kernel." (see page 2, 4<sup>th</sup> paragraph, Applicant's Arguments/Remarks)

Examiner maintains:

Anand discloses "FIG. 6 illustrates one presently preferred set of program steps for implementing this ability to query the task offload capabilities of a peripheral, such as a NIC, and for then setting/enabling those tasks that may be needed. Preferably, the illustrated program steps are implemented as a software component or module that is integrated within a transport protocol driver. Moreover, if implemented in a Windows NT environment, many of the functional operations and inter-driver communications are preferably carried out via the NDIS interface. Of course, if implemented in a different operating system environment, or implemented in connection with non-network types of peripherals, then the illustrated program steps would have to be modified accordingly." (see column 13, lines 44-56 of Anand)

Therefore, Anand discloses that the Windows NT environment refers to the Windows NT operating system [i.e., kernel], and that the transport protocol driver is implemented within the Windows NT operating system [i.e., kernel].



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